

Calorimetry & Enthalpy in Heating Curves

Name: _____

Part I: Calorimetry

$$q = m \times C_p \times \Delta T$$

$$\Delta T = T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}$$

$$q_{\text{system}} = -q_{\text{surrounding}}$$

1. A block of metal with a mass of 70.3 grams is heated to 100.°C and then dropped into a Styrofoam cup calorimeter containing 50.0 grams of water at 22.5°C. The final temperature of the block and water together is 32.7°C.
 - a. If the heat gained by the water was lost by the metal, calculate the temperature change of the metal.
 - b. Calculate the temperature change of the water?
 - c. Set up $q_{\text{metal}} = -q_{\text{water}}$ to solve for the specific heat of the metal.
 - d. Use a reference sheet of specific heats to determine the identity of the metal.
2. **CHALLENGE:** A block of copper with a mass of 95.4 grams is heated to 100.°C and dropped into a Styrofoam cup calorimeter containing 50.0 grams of water at 24.0°C. The metal and water are allowed to come to a constant equilibrium temperature.
 - a. Set up an algebraic **expression** for " q_{copper} ". *The specific heat of copper is on the reference sheet.*
 - b. Set up an algebraic **expression** for " q_{water} ". *The specific heat of water is on the reference sheet.*
 - c. Use $q_{\text{metal}} = -q_{\text{water}}$ to solve for the final temperature of the water and copper combined.

3. **CHALLENGE:** A 63.5 gram chunk of copper was heated in a Bunsen burner flame until it was red hot. It was then dropped into a Styrofoam cup calorimeter containing 100. grams of water at 21.0°C. The metal and water were allowed to come to a constant equilibrium temperature of 65.7°C.
- Calculate the heat energy (q) of the water.
 - What was the initial temperature of the copper? (**Remember:** $q_{\text{metal}} = -q_{\text{water}}$)
 - Calculate the temperature change of the copper.

Part II: Enthalpy & Heating Curves

$$q = m \times C_p \times \Delta T$$

$$q = m \times \Delta H_{\text{fus}}$$

$$q = m \times \Delta H_{\text{vap}}$$

4. Calculate the total amount of heat ($q/\Delta H$) required to completely convert 50.0 grams of ice at -10.0°C to steam at 120.°C. *Hint: Draw a heating curve to determine ΔT 's for each phase change.*